

# The Echo-7 Program at SLAC

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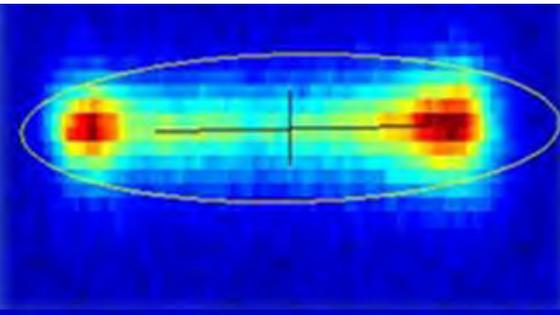
for Echo-7 team:

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*SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory*

Accelerator and Detector Research and Development  
Program Principal Investigators' Meeting

August 22-23, 2011  
The Westin, Annapolis, MD

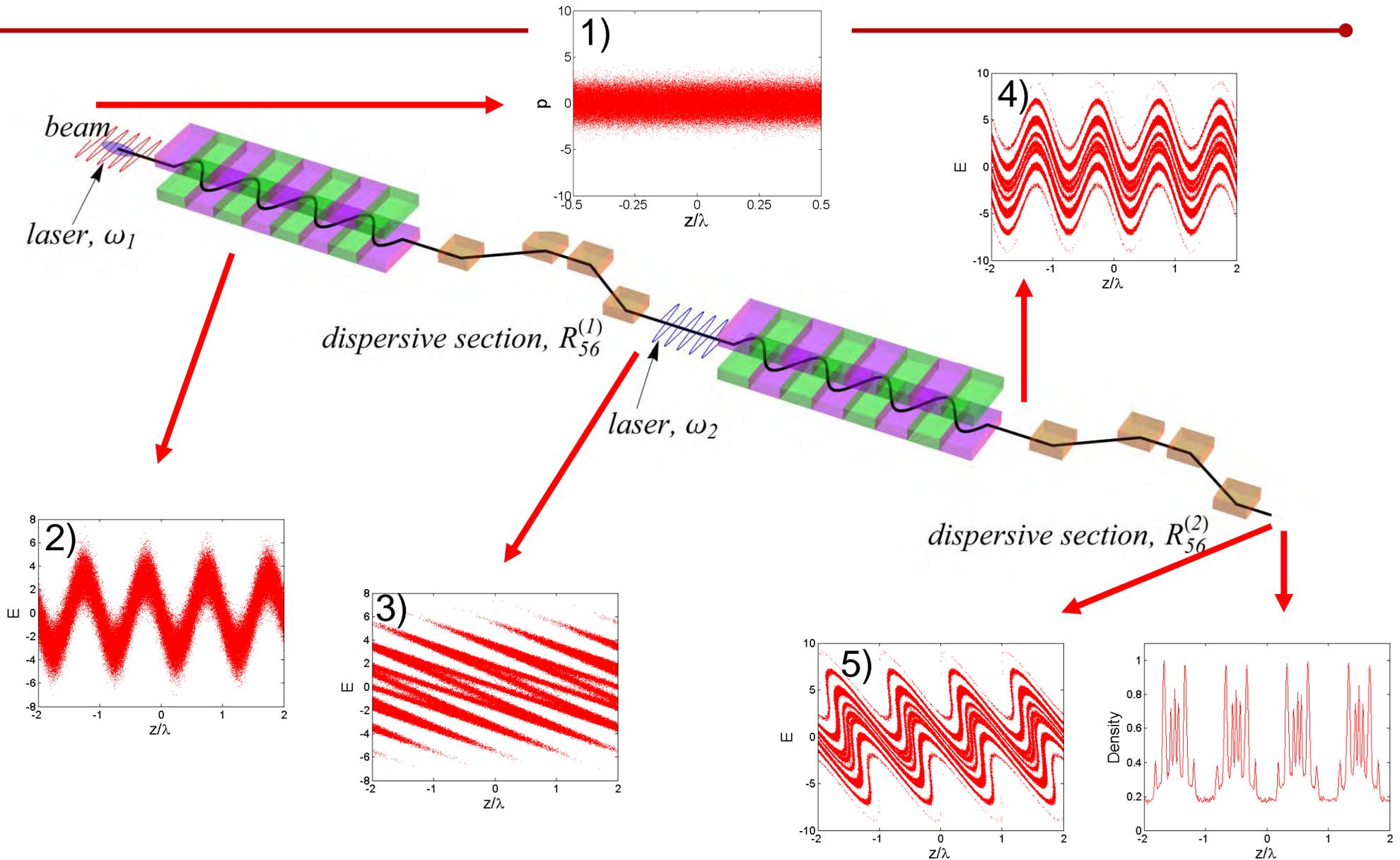


# Motivation

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- Goal: Seeding to generate transform limited x-ray pulses
- Many approaches:
  - High Harmonic Generation (HHG)
  - High Gain Harmonic Generation (HGHG)
  - Various Self-seeding techniques (HXRSS and SXRSS)
  - Echo-Enabled Harmonic Generation (EEHG)
- Various degrees of demonstration
- Echo is a new approach where laser challenges are traded for beam manipulation challenges
  - Has feature in that bunching is weak function of harmonic number
- Echo (EEHG) demonstration to benchmark critical accelerator physics

# Echo Enabled Harmonic Generation



# Features and Challenges of Echo

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## Features

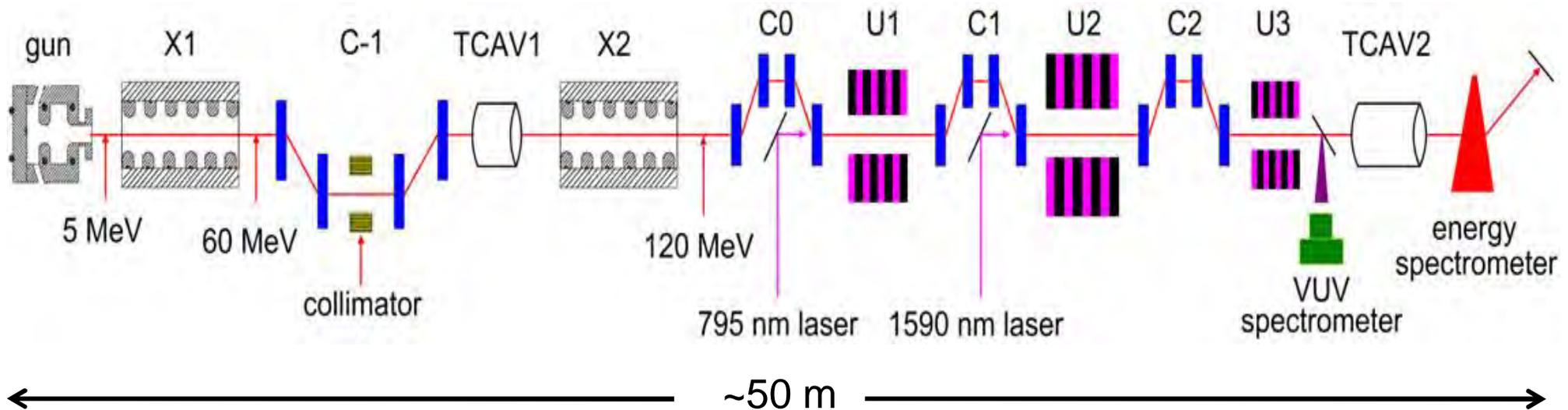
- ✓ Excellent frequency up-conversion efficiency
- ✓ Generate high harmonics from small energy modulation
- ✓ Both bunching and gain at short wavelengths
- ✓ UV laser can be used to seed soft x-rays in single stage

## Challenges

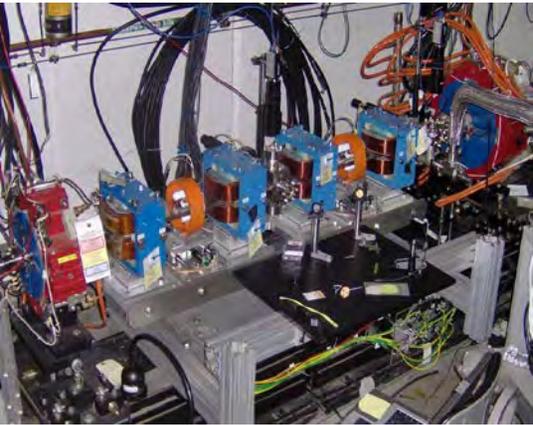
- Must preserve small correlations in phase space
- Sensitive to unwanted x-z coupling; higher-order effects
- Sensitive to incoherent synchrotron radiation and IBS
- Requires excellent laser stability

# Echo Demonstration at SLAC

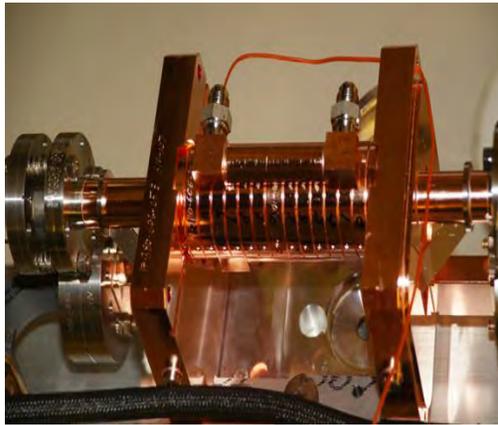
- Used existing NLC Test Accelerator for demonstration
  - Rf gun, high gradient rf and multiple laser systems pre-installed
  - Added 60 MeV acceleration, 3 chicanes (C0-C2), 3 undulators, and lots of diagnostics in 2010
  - Subsequently installed two TCAVs, VUV spectrometer and upgraded energy spectrometer



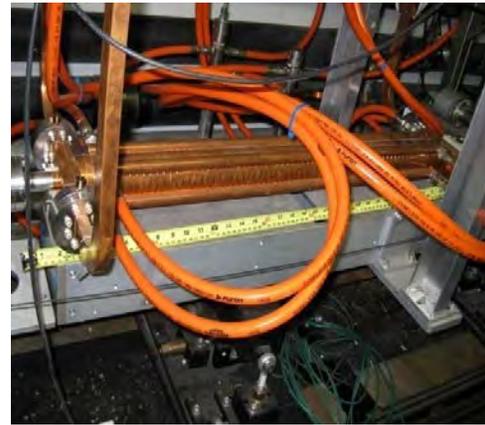
# Hardware Fabricated for Echo



C1



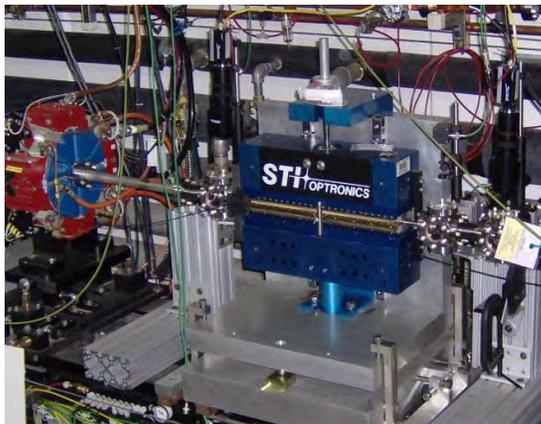
TCAV1



X2



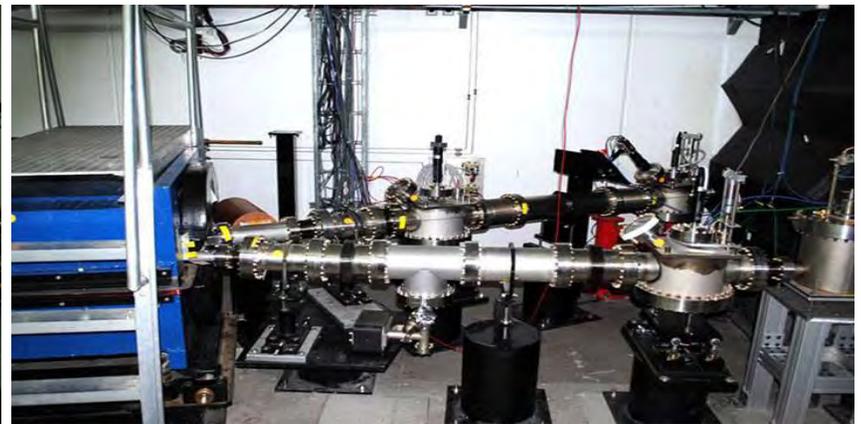
TCAV2



U1



U2



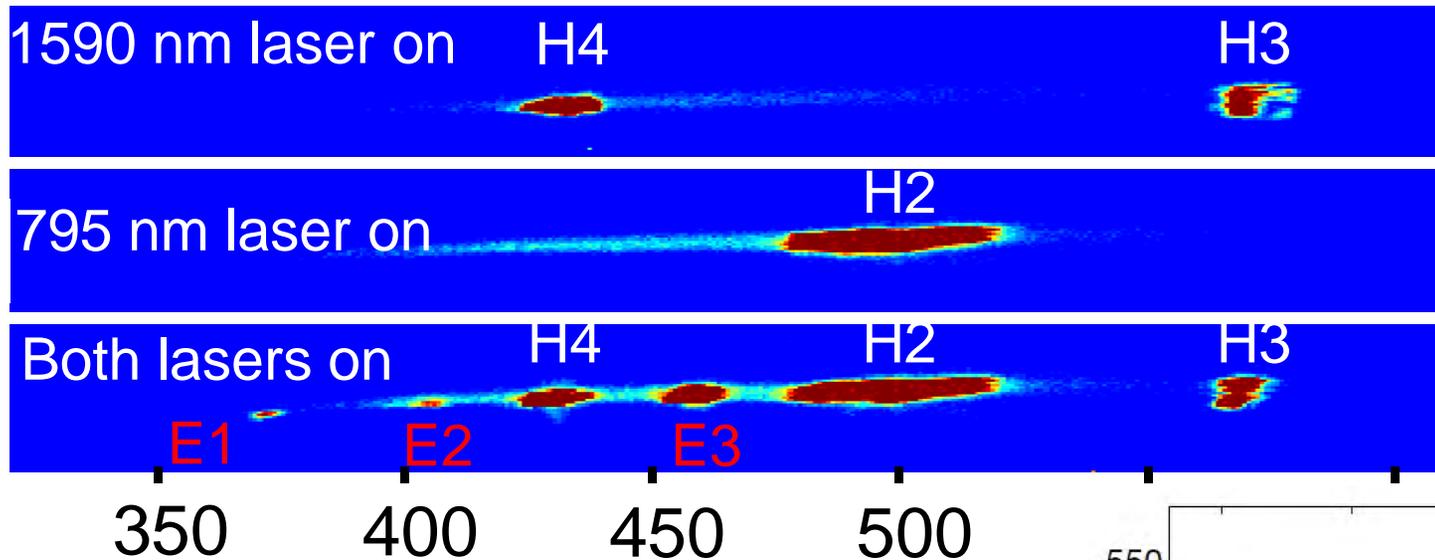
spectrometer

# Timeline for Echo Demonstration

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- 10-08 Concept proposed
- 03-09 First studies of demo
- 06-09 Initial funding from LDRD
- 08-09 Undulators ordered
- 09-09 BES R&D funds received
- 11-09 H75 X-band structure inst.
- 12-09 120 MeV beam achieved
- 02-10 First undulator installed
- 04-10 Initial beamline complete
- 05-10 First harmonics seen
- 07-10 Clear evidence of 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> harmonics due to EEHG**
- 09-10 Began fabrication of TCAVs and upgrade of spectrometer
- 12-10 Energy spectrometer inst.
- 02-11 VUV spectrometer install.
- 03-11 Two TCAVs installed for diagnostic and energy modulation
- 05-11 Measured 7<sup>th</sup> harmonic with large energy modulation
- 07-11 Measured 7<sup>th</sup> harmonic with small energy modulation**

# Echo Results (2010)



Observation of 4<sup>th</sup> harmonic due to EEHG confirmed by varying chirp

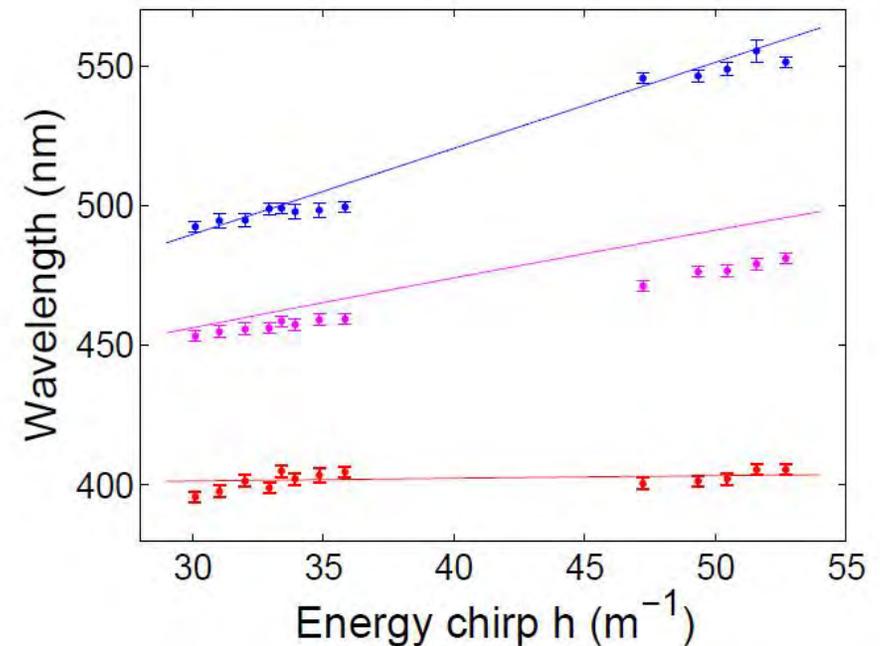
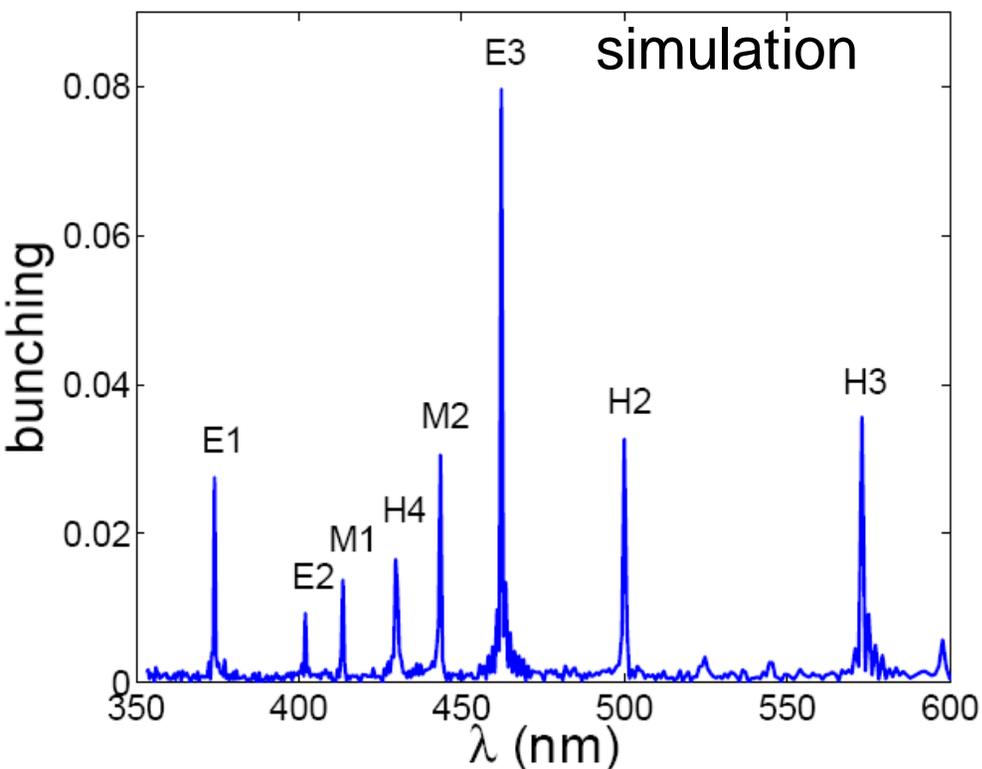
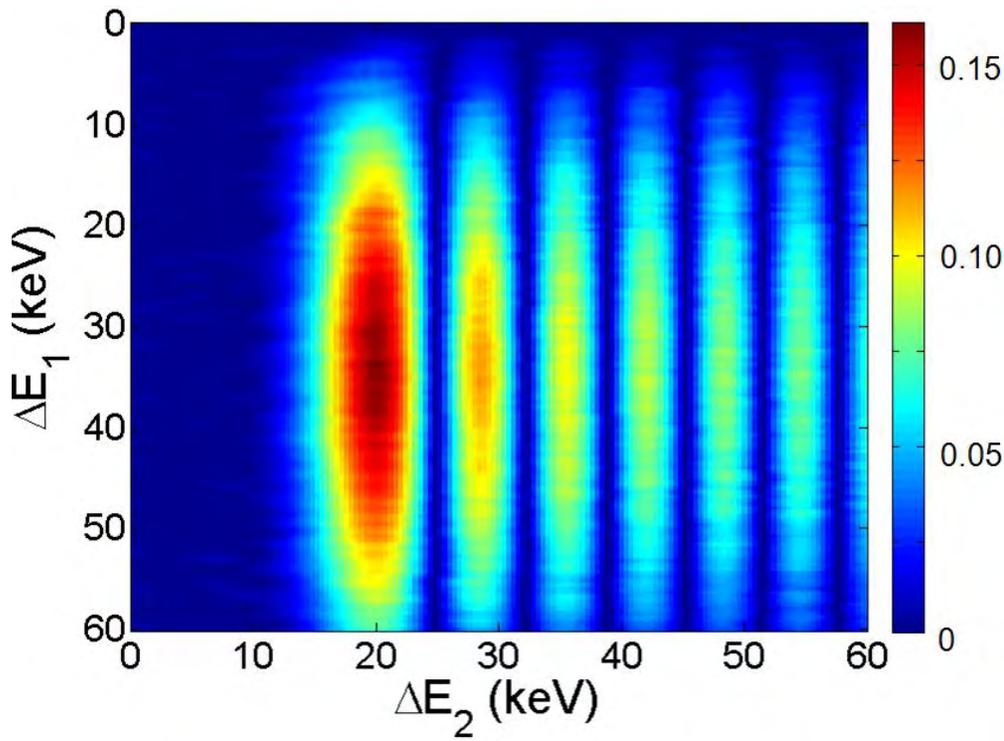


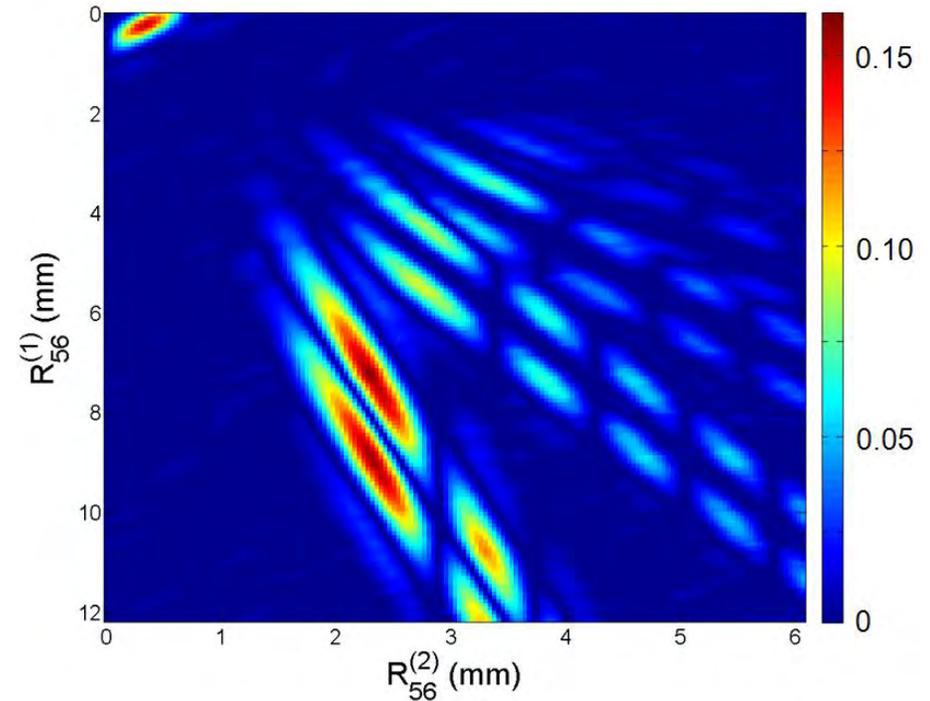
FIG. 5: Radiation wavelength vs beam energy chirp for the echo signal E2 (red), E3 (magenta) and that from the 795 nm laser alone H2 (blue).

# Goals for Echo Experiment (Benchmarking EEHG Simulations)

- Confirm the high up-frequency conversion efficiency with  $\Delta E \sim \sigma_E$
- Varying beam, laser and chicane parameters to benchmark EEHG theory
- Measure bunching for various harmonic numbers to confirm the slow decaying of the bunching



$b_7$  for various laser modulations



$b_7$  for various chicane strength

# Large Energy Spread Results (Intensity at 227 nm)

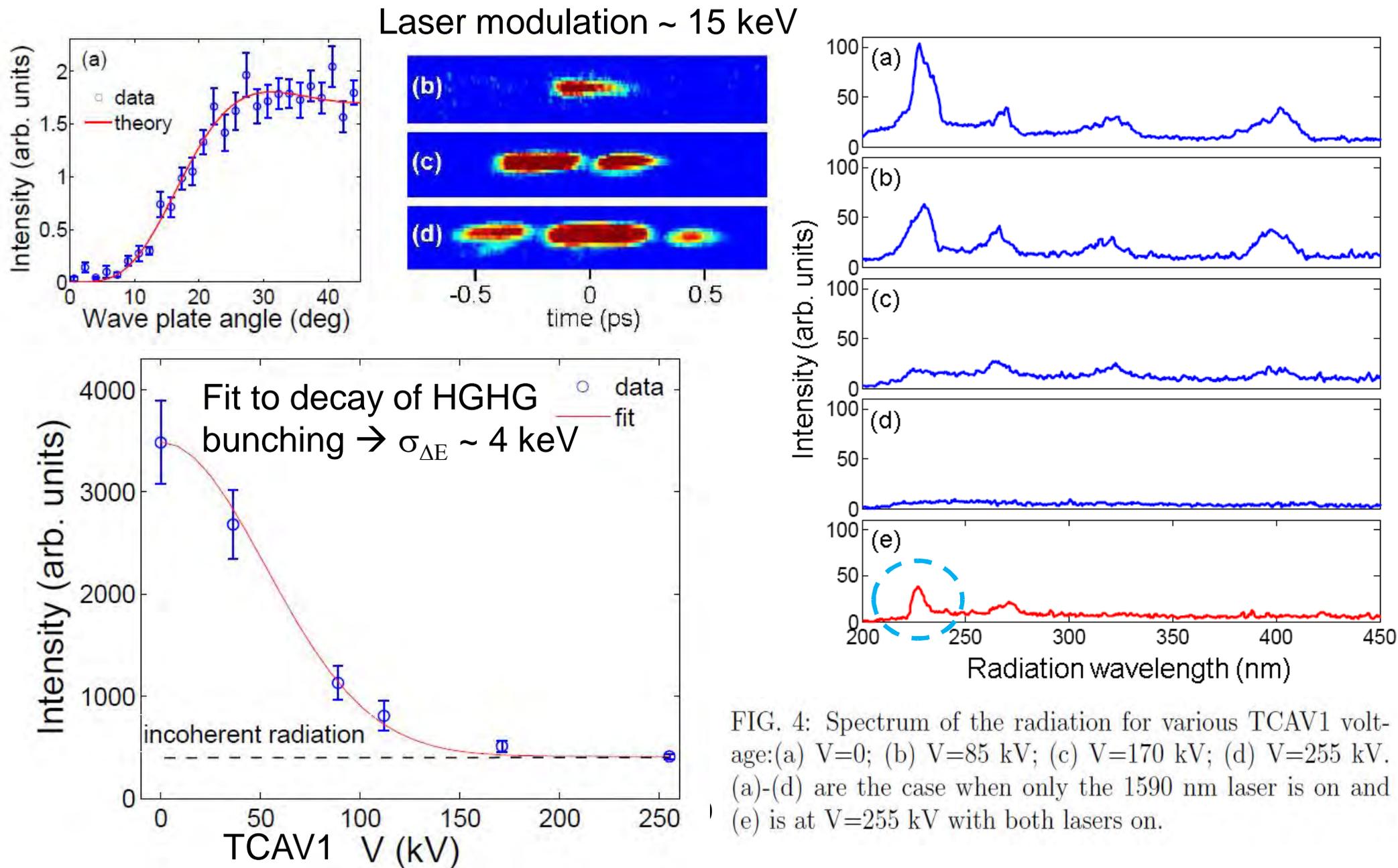


FIG. 4: Spectrum of the radiation for various TCAV1 voltages: (a)  $V=0$ ; (b)  $V=85$  kV; (c)  $V=170$  kV; (d)  $V=255$  kV. (a)-(d) are the case when only the 1590 nm laser is on and (e) is at  $V=255$  kV with both lasers on.

# Echo Experiment Status

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- Extensive theory and simulations of EEHG and variants
- Measured 7<sup>th</sup> harmonic with energy spread comparable to laser modulation
  - Have data on optics sensitivities and on slice emittance
- Developed diagnostic techniques for longitudinal phase space
- Need to analyze July data further
  - Inconsistencies in slice energy spread between different measurement techniques
  - Parameterize decay of EEHG bunching versus TCAV1
  - Parameterize EEHG versus slice emittance
- Limited by NLCTA injector system and beam timing jitter

# Publications

## (11 Journal articles; 9 conference Proceedings)

### Journal Articles:

1. Evidence of High Harmonics from Echo-Enabled Harmonic Generation for Seeding X-ray Free Electron Lasers, **in preparation (2011)**.
2. A novel diagnostic for measuring the laser modulation of the longitudinal phase space, **in preparation (2011)**.
3. Triple modulator-chicane scheme for seeding sub-nanometer x-Ray free electron lasers. **Submitted to: New Journal of Physics (2011)**.
4. Laser assisted emittance transfer for storage ring lasing. **Submitted to: Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams (2011)**.
5. Longitudinal profile diagnostic scheme with subfemtosecond resolution for high-brightness electron beams. **Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 14 (2011) 072802**.
6. Demonstration of the Echo-Enabled Harmonic Generation Technique for Short-Wavelength Seeded Free Electron Lasers. **Phys. Rev. Lett. 105 (2010) 114801**.
7. Longitudinal-to-transverse mapping for femtosecond electron bunch length measurement. **Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 13 (2010) 094001**.
8. Laser Assisted Emittance Exchange: Downsizing the X-ray Free Electron Laser. **Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 13 (2010) 010701**.
9. Generation of intense attosecond x-ray pulses using ultraviolet laser induced microbunching in electron beams. **Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 12 (2009) 060701**.
10. Enhanced tunable narrow-band THz emission from laser-modulated electron beams. **Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 12 (2009) 080701**.
11. Echo-enabled Harmonic Generation Free Electron Laser. **Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 12 (2009) 030702**.

### Conference Proceedings:

1. Observation and Characterization of Coherent Optical Radiation and Microbunching Instability in the SLAC Next Linear Collider Test Accelerator. PAC'11, SLAC-PUB-14451. (2011).
2. Commissioning the Echo-Seeding Experiment Echo-7 at SLAC. FEL'10, SLAC-PUB-14450. (2011).
3. Laser assisted emittance exchange. AIP Conf. Proc. 1299, 620-625 (2010).
4. Echo-Enabled Harmonic Generation. IPAC'10, SLAC-PUB-14438 (2010).
5. A Proof-of-principle Echo-enabled Harmonic Generation FEL Experiment at SLAC. IPAC'10, SLAC-PUB-14448, (2010).
6. Preliminary results of the echo-seeding experiment ECHO-7 at SLAC. IPAC'10, SLAC-PUB-14450, (2010).
7. Effects of energy chirp on echo-enabled harmonic generation free-electron lasers. SLAC-PUB-13547. (2009).
8. Tolerance Study for the Echo-Enabled Harmonic Generation Free Electron Laser. SLAC-PUB-13644. (2009).
9. Feasibility study for a seeded hard x-ray source based on a two-stage echo-enabled harmonic generation FEL. SLAC-PUB-13818. (2009).

# Future Plans

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- Complete Echo-7 benchmarking
  - Need to understand beam parameters and fully analyze July data
  - Projected emittance appears much than larger slice emittance
  - Verify decay of 7<sup>th</sup> EEHG harmonic with energy spread
- Beginning studies of laser phase stabilization (critical for EEHG and HGHG) and upgrade NLCTA injector systems
  - Purchasing new laser system for phase stabilization studies
  - Re-align capture structures and bypass chicane for cleaner phase space and reduced timing jitter and installing LLRF upgrade
- Use upgrades injector to study 15<sup>th</sup> harmonic and benchmark collective effects as well as phase space limitations
- Study microbunching and new diagnostic techniques as well

# Support

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- Work has been supported by the BES Accelerator and Detector R&D program
- The NLCTA was originally constructed as part of the HEP linear collider R&D program and currently supports the Echo-7 (BES) program as well as the High Gradient RF (HEP) program and the Direct Laser Acceleration (HEP) experiment
- This experiment has been possible due to the great team at SLAC and the Test Facilities Department operating the NLCTA